

【讀卡科目請依規定畫卡，若有違反畫卡規定而影響讀卡作業之情事，一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需確實寫上班級、座號、姓名，違者一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需用藍色或黑色墨水筆書寫，違者一律扣總分五分，使用鉛筆書寫扣五分。】

I. 讀卡部份:70% ★答案請畫在答案卡上

第一部分:聽力測驗:25% (1-7每題兩分;8-18每題一分)

一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。

1. (A) (B) (C) (R1)

2. (A) (B) (C) (L1)

3. (A) (B) (C) (L2)

4. (A) (B) (C) (L2)

5. (A) (B) (C) (L1)

6. (A) (B) (C) (L2)

7. (A) (B) (C) (L1)

二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應。

8. (A) I watched a movie.  
(B) No, I didn't.  
(C) We are reading. (L1)
9. (A) No, we didn't do it together.  
(B) Yes, we enjoyed a big meal last night.  
(C) Yes, I jogged with my friends every afternoon. (L1)
10. (A) He bought it at the market.  
(B) Because it was a gift from his parents.  
(C) Nobody remembered his name. (R1)
11. (A) I fell down and broke my leg.  
(B) Let's buy a pair of shoes for dad.  
(C) I don't know. I'm still reading it. (L2)
12. (A) Yes, I walked this morning.  
(B) I came here by bike today.  
(C) Oh, I just sold my car. (L2)

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案。

13. (A) The teacher can't find her bag.  
(B) The homework was under Mike's bag.  
(C) Mike didn't bring his homework. (L2)
14. (A) They cleaned the desk.  
(B) They walked on the street.  
(C) They celebrated the New Year. (L1)
15. (A) It was Jimmy's old car.  
(B) The car was not very big.  
(C) Nick sold the car last week. (L2)
16. (A) The man watched basketball game with the woman.  
(B) The woman didn't watch basketball game last night.  
(C) The man worked last night. (L1)
17. (A) He ate some food at the market.  
(B) He was hungry because there was no more food.  
(C) He stayed in the car this morning. (L2)
18. (A) He is the father of two kids.  
(B) He got married ten years ago.  
(C) He moved to another country three years ago. (R1)

第二部分:綜合測驗 (19-33每題一分;34-48每題兩分):45%

一、單題選擇。

19. Ms. Lin: Why \_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ your school uniform(制服) today?  
Tim: I didn't wear it because I couldn't find it. (R1)  
(A) did; wore (B) aren't; wear  
(C) do; wore (D) didn't; wear

\*注意:背面仍有試題,請繼續作答

20. Cindy \_\_\_\_\_ the story book at home last weekend, but I \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) reads ; do (B) read; didn't  
(C) reads ; don't (D) read ; did (L2)

21. Ethan: How \_\_\_\_\_ your winter vacation?

Jacob: Great! I \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of fun. (R1)

- (A) did; was (B) was; was  
(C) was; had (D) does; have

22. \_\_\_\_\_ you late for school this morning? B: Yes. I got up late.

- (A) Are (B) Were (C) Do (D) Did (L1)

23. Jay: I washed the dishes and cleaned the kitchen for my grandma. (L1)

Nina: \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) That was so sweet of you.  
(B) You must really love the kitchen.  
(C) You were not so busy then.  
(D) You were really sad.

24. Alan usually \_\_\_\_\_ his bike to school every day , but his dad \_\_\_\_\_ him to school this morning. (L2)

- (A) rides; drives (B) ride; drove  
(C) rides; drove (D) rode; drives

25. At first, my bookstore's business \_\_\_\_\_ not very good. But now it is doing quite well (相當好). (L1)

- (A) is (B) was (C) does (D) did

26. Jill: Joe \_\_\_\_\_ the cake on the table at 2:00 p.m., but now it's not there now. Who \_\_\_\_\_ it?

Max: I don't know. (L2)

- (A) puts; eats (B) puts; is eating  
(C) put; ate (D) is putting; eats

27. Amy was angry because her brother broke her bike. (選出語意相同的句子) (L2)

- (A) Because Amy was angry, her brother broke her bike.  
(B) Amy was angry, so her brother broke her bike.  
(C) Amy's brother broke her bike because she was angry.  
(D) Amy's brother broke her bike, so she was angry.

28. Jack didn't go out for shopping \_\_\_\_\_ the heavy rain. (L2)

- (A) because (B) so  
(C) because of (D) for

29. Reporter: \_\_\_\_\_ me about your father. Was he a good man?

Curry: He \_\_\_\_\_ me a lot. I miss him a lot after his death.

- (A) Told; helped (B) Tell; helped  
(C) Tells; helps (D) Tell; helps (L1)

30. Tina: Look! Your cat \_\_\_\_\_ on the piano.

Kevin: Wow! I can't believe it. She never \_\_\_\_\_ it before.

- (A) is dancing ; did (B) danced ; did  
(C) dances ; does (D) danced ; was (L2)

31. Ken: Who \_\_\_\_\_ Lucky this evening?

Diego: Mom did. (L2)

- (A) fed (B) feeds (C) can feed (D) feed

32. Lucas: \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Andy: She played video games with Tina. (L2)

- (A) What did Emma do two hours ago?  
(B) Who is playing video games with Tina now?  
(C) Did Tina play video games last night?

(D) Was Tina busy playing video games?

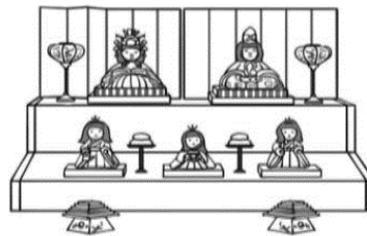
33. Children didn't go to the beach \_\_\_\_\_ it rained a lot yesterday. (L2)

- (A) , and (B) because  
(C) , so (D) but

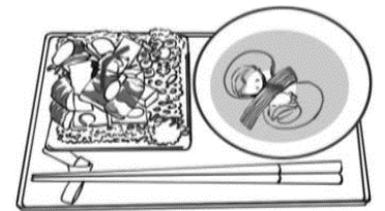
二、題組。

On March 3, people celebrate Hinamatsuri in Japan. It is because people often get sick in spring, so people put paper dolls on the river and make wishes. They hope the river takes their bad luck away.

Most parents celebrate Hinamatsuri for their daughters with dolls with beautiful Japanese clothes. Mothers and girls put the dolls on a piece of red cloth on the doll stand at home a few days before March 3 until the end of the festival. They wish their daughters may have good life. Also, girls have parties with their friends and have chirashizushi and clam soup during the festival. Boys do not join this because Hinamatsuri is only for girls. Then, are there any festivals for boys in Japan? Yes, it is on May 5.



a doll stand



chirashizushi and clam soup

could 能夠; cloth 布; stand 架子; before 在...之前; until 直到;  
chirashizushi and clam soup 壽司和蛤蜊湯;

34. What is the reading mainly about?

- (A) There are festivals for boys and girls.  
(B) Japanese like Hinamatsuri.  
(C) Food in Japan.  
(D) A festival in Japan.

35. What do we know about Hinamatsuri from the reading?

- (A) Hinamatsuri is on March 5th.  
(B) Parents have chirashizushi during the special festival.  
(C) Hinamatsuri is the festival only for girls.  
(D) People clean rivers for their health on Hinamatsuri.

Malala Yousafzai is a young Pakistani activist. She fought for women to have the rights to go to school. She was born on July 12, 1997 in Pakistan. Her father was a teacher and owned several schools. Malala studied in her father's school. She loved learning and going to school. She dreamed of one day becoming a teacher, a doctor, or a politician. She was a smart girl. Her father hoped her to learn more and taught her that she could do anything she wanted.

**\*注意：背面仍有試題，請繼續作答**

In 2007, when Malala was 10, the Taliban took over

Pakistan. The Taliban decided women couldn't have jobs. They closed all girls' schools. Malala began writing a blog for the BBC, called the Diary of a Pakistan Schoolgirl.

In her blog, she spoke out about what it was like living under Taliban rule and couldn't go to school. Speaking out was a very dangerous thing to do and some people wanted to stop her. On October 9, 2012, Malala was on the bus home, and a Taliban gunman shot Malala on her head. She was very sick. After taking a lot of surgeries, Malala survived. On her sixteenth birthday (July 2013) Malala gave a speech to the United Nations. In the speech, she said "The pen is mightier than the sword." and spoke about wanting all girls to get education. She spoke all over the world about the importance of the education of girls.

She didn't want revenge on the Taliban (even the man who shot her), she just wanted peace and opportunities for all. Malala has got a lot of awards and awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014 with Kailash Satyarthi. She was the youngest person to get the award.

*activist 行動家; own 擁有; politician 政治人物; ; took over 接管; gunman 槍手; surgery 手術; survive 存活; mightier 更強大; sword 劍; education 教育; revenge 報復; opportunities 機會; award 獎項; awarded 被授予*

36. What did Malala Yousafzai's father do for work?

- (A) He was an officer in the Taliban.
- (B) He was a teacher who owned (擁有) several schools
- (C) He ran a small market store.
- (D) He was a farmer.

37. What happened to the girls' schools when the Taliban took over Pakistan?

- (A) They had computers.
- (B) They only had women teachers.
- (C) They were closed.
- (D) All of the above.

38. What is the most important thing in Malala's mind?

- (A) Freedom (自由).      (B) The awards she got.
- (C) Education.      (D) How to help women get jobs.

39. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the reading?

- (A) A Taliban gunman shot Malala on her head when she was on a bus home from school.
- (B) Malala was making a speech against(反對) the Taliban when she was shot(被射殺).
- (C) Malala wanted to fightback(反擊) against the Taliban.
- (D) Malala won the Nobel Peace Prize at the age of twenty.

Over the past decades, objects in our lives have become "smarter." From smart phones to smart watches to smart cars, our devices can do more for us than ever before. Now, a company called Mojo has created smart contact lenses. These lenses can correct your vision, and they can also act as a screen that can show you information.

Regular contact lenses cover only the center area of the eye, the iris and pupil, but smart contact lenses are larger; they also cover the white part of the eye. This wider part includes a micro LED display, and that can show information. For example, if you have to make a speech, you can have the words floating in front of your eyes as you look out at your listeners. Mojo will soon begin testing these lenses. What do you think? How would you use smart contact lenses?

*decade 十年; object 物品; ; contact lenses 隱形眼鏡; vision 視力; regular 一般的; iris 虹膜; pupil 瞳孔; wider 寬的; include 包含; micro LED display 微LED 介面; float 漂浮*

40. What's the main idea of the article?

- (A) Contact lenses with an information display.
- (B) The new type of contact lenses can make you smarter.
- (C) The ways to make people become good speakers.
- (D) Mojo, a contact lens company.

41. Which of these may be possible using the contact lenses in the article?

- (A) A fisherman can see fish under the ocean.
- (B) A police officer can see clearly in the dark.
- (C) A musician can see the musical notes(音符) while playing an instrument(樂器).
- (D) A hunter can see rabbits hiding in the grass.

42. The contact lenses made by (由...所製造)Mojo

- (A) are smaller than (比...小) regular contact lenses.
- (B) are not easy to wear.
- (C) are not so expensive.
- (D) are not ready for sell.

The book festival is coming!

Do you have some books you don't want?

Your old love may be someone's new favorite.

Bring one book to the Town Library & get another one home for free!

**\* When & How:**

March 2 - March 14    Bring one book for one book festival card

March 16 - March 31    Bring one card for one book you like to read

**\* What books:**

All kinds of books EXCEPT (除了...之外) school books, comic books, and dictionaries.

**Notice:**

①Your book must be in good shape, without any page missing.

②Your book must be clean, and nothing is written on it.

Want to know more? Please call 1234-5678. (We are closed on Mondays.)

-Town Library-

**\*注意: 背面仍有試題,請繼續作答**

43. What is the book festival for?  
 (A) Inviting people to change books with each other.  
 (B) Knowing what kinds of books are the most popular.  
 (C) Telling people how to choose books.  
 (D) Selling second-hand books.
44. Sonja is busy packing some books for the book festival. Which is most likely (可能) one of them?  
 (A) An old dictionary of medicine.  
 (B) A picture book with her own notes.  
 (C) A workbook she used in her math class.  
 (D) A book of short stories in English.
45. Look at the calendar. If (如果) Sean has a book festival card, when can he use it?

March						
Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

- (A) March 29.      (B) March 25.  
 (C) March 14.      (D) March 3.

**Kenny:** Hi, Tina. I heard you went to Mt. Ali on the Moon Festival. How was it?

**Tina:** It was great. The moon was big and round. It was so beautiful. But the weather was a little cold. I didn't bring my jacket with me.

**Kenny:** Of course, it was cold in the mountains, especially at night. Why did you go to Mt. Ali for moon watching? I mean you can watch the moon right outside of your house.

**Tina:** You are right. But my friend, Jessica, came to visit me this week from the USA. I wanted to take her to some places special on the Moon Festival. We can watch the moon and the famous sunrise on Mt. Ali. Where can be the better place?

**Kenny:** So, you also watched the sunrise? That was great!

**Tina:** Well, it was so dark and cold in the early morning in the mountains. So, Jessica and I decided that we could watch the sunrise in our dreams.

- especially 特別是; sunrise 日出; decide 決定;*
46. Which is true about Jessica??  
 (A) She is Kenny's friend.  
 (B) She came from America.  
 (C) She went to Mt. Ali with Tina and Kenny.  
 (D) She didn't bring any jacket with her.
47. What did Tina do on the Moon Festival?  
 (A) She watched the moon outside of her house.  
 (B) She watched the moon and the famous sunrise.  
 (C) She went to Mt. Ali with a friend.  
 (D) She watched the beautiful sunrise with Jessica on the Moon Festival and they both felt very happy.
48. Which is true?  
 (A) Tina went to Mt. Ali and Kenny knew that.  
 (B) Jessica didn't get up to watch the sunrise, but Tina did.  
 (C) Tina brought many jackets to Mt. Ali because the weather was very cold there.  
 (D) Kenny knew it was cold in the mountains, so he told Tina to bring a jacket with her.

II. 手寫部份:30% ★答案請寫在答案格中

一、用英文寫出下列單字：

1. 蠟燭 (L1)    2. 完成(L2)    3. 巧克力(L2)    4. 一起(L1)  
 5. 一雙(L2)

二、 文意字彙

1. I like my class very much because I have a lot of great m\_\_\_\_\_ies in my junior high school life. (L1)  
 2. A t\_\_\_\_\_le car accident(車禍) happened to her yesterday. She was seriously injured(受傷). (L2)  
 3. Mom c\_\_\_\_\_se me a beautiful shirt as my gift yesterday because it was my birthday. (L2)  
 4. The way she takes care of her sister is so t\_\_\_\_\_ng. (L1)  
 5. Don't be so s\_\_\_\_\_ed. I will be here to protect you. (L2)

三、填入適當動詞型態：

**Bob:** Why didn't you come to school yesterday?  
**Ella:** I \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_(catch) a cold and \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_(have) a high fever (發燒).  
**Bob:** How come?  
**Ella:** It started to rain when I played in the water with my neighbors. We \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ (not carry) any umbrellas, so we \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ (run) home in the heavy rain.  
**Bob:** Did you go to the doctor?  
**Ella:** Yes. I did. The doctor said to me, "Please \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ (take) medicine (吃藥) three times a day and lie in bed (臥床) at home."

\*注意:第五頁答案卷上還有翻譯題

【手寫答案卷需確實寫上班級、座號、姓名，違者一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需用藍色或黑色墨水筆書寫，違者一律扣總分五分，使用鉛筆書寫扣五分。】

手寫答案卷

答案卡得分	手寫卷得分	總分

★答案請寫在答案格中

II.手寫部份:30%

一、請用英文寫出下列單字: 5% (每題1分,全對才給分)

1		2		3		4		5	
---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--

二、文意字彙(請寫出空格中適合的字彙): 5% (每題 1 分,全對才給分)

1		2		3		4		5	
---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--

一、 填入正確動詞形式: 5% (每題 1 分,全對才給分)

1		2		3		4		5	
---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--

四、翻譯填空:5% (每格 1 分, 每格不限一個字,全對才給分)

1. 這是一部關於死亡的電影,它讓我想起我的爺爺。

It's a movie \_\_\_\_\_ (1) \_\_\_\_\_ ,and it \_\_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_\_ my grandfather.(L1) (請用過去式表達)

2. 總是我的爺爺在照顧我。 My grandfather \_\_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_\_ all the time. (L1) (請用過去式表達)

3. 她嫁給一個 65 歲的老人。 She \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ a 65-year-old man. (L2) (請用過去式表達)

4. 讓我們現在就採取行動! Let's \_\_\_\_\_ (5) \_\_\_\_\_ now. (L2)

(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)	
-----	--	-----	--	-----	--	-----	--	-----	--

四、整句式翻譯:10%

1. 他們用充滿活力的方式懷念死去的親人。(L1) (3%)

2. 婚姻像一場惡夢。(L2) (2%) (請用過去式表達)

3. 我們彩繪自己的臉並盛裝打扮。(L1) (2%) (請用過去式表達)

4. 我真的非常好奇故事的結局。(L2) (3%)

1	
2	
3	
4	

新北市立中正國民中學111學年度第一學期八年級英語科第一次段考試題  
範圍：B3 L1-R1 班級：\_\_ 座號：\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_