

【讀卡科目請依規定畫卡，若有違反畫卡規定而影響讀卡作業之情事，一律扣總分五分。】




【手寫答案卷需確實寫上班級、座號、姓名，違者一律扣總分五分。】



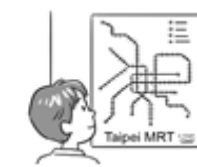
【手寫答案卷需用藍色或黑色墨水筆書寫，違者一律扣總分五分，使用鉛筆書寫扣五分。】




I. 讀卡部份:70% ★答案請畫在答案卡上

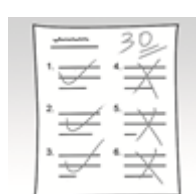
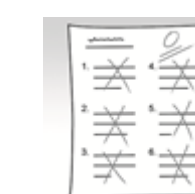
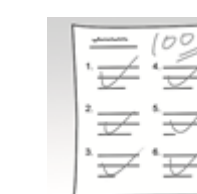
第一部分: 聽力測驗:34% (1-17每題兩分)

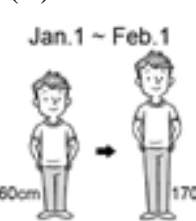
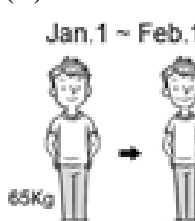
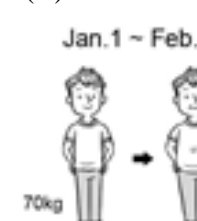
一. 辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。




1. (A)  (B)  (C) 
(L3)

2. (A)  (B)  (C) 
(L4)

3. (A)  (B)  (C) 
(L3)

4. (A)  (B)  (C) 
(L4)

5. (A)  (B)  (C) 
(L3)

6. (A)  (B)  (C) 
(L4)

二. 基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案。

7. (A) It was very great. I like it a lot.
(B) It looked very good on you.
(C) It was a short story.
(L4)

8. (A) Sorry, I don't have a basketball.
(B) I can't wait to buy it for you.
(C) No, I like volleyball better. (L4)
9. (A) Stop fooling me.
(B) It was on sale yesterday.
(C) Which camera do you want? (R2)
10. (A) This wallet is beautiful.
(B) Thanks. That's so sweet of you.
(C) That will be a special experience. (L3)
11. (A) I have a high fever.
(B) It's not difficult to do so.
(C) I know. It just takes a moment. (L3)

三. 言談理解：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案。

12. (A) He got the time wrong.
(B) He was outside.
(C) He went to sleep. (R2)
13. (A) They'll cook dinner by themselves.
(B) They'll have dinner at the night market.
(C) They're reading the same book. (L4)
14. (A) All kinds of books.
(B) Novels only.
(C) Newspapers. (L3)
15. (A) Celebrate a friend's birthday.
(B) Give Dora a special gift.
(C) Do the science report. (L4)
16. (A) A police officer.
(B) A singer.
(C) A doctor. (L3)
17. (A) Stay at home.
(B) Take a trip.
(C) Watch a TV program about Hualien. (R2)

第二部分: 綜合測驗 (18-37每題一分;38-45每題兩分)

一. 單題選擇

18. *Beyond Beauty: Taiwan from Above* was filmed by Chi Po-lin from _____.
(A) amazing sights (B) a real person (C) a bird's eye view (D) an interview (L4)
19. Jay is already fifty. He doesn't have a job and often makes trouble for his parents. To them, he is really a(n) _____.
(A) gift (B) example (C) son (D) headache (L3)
20. A: I forgot _____ you told me on the phone.
B: I told you not to come home late tonight.
(A) what (B) where (C) why (D) whether (L4)

※請翻面繼續作答

21. A : Do you know where _____?
B : Yes. he is going to have lunch with his old friends.
(A) is Dad going (B) Dad going (C) is going Dad
(D) Dad is going (L4)
22. Wendy's best friend moved to another city, so she doesn't know who _____ in class.
(A) can she talk to (B) she can talk (C) can talk to
(D) to talk to (L4)
23. Do you _____ anything _____ for our class party this Monday? I can't wait for it.
(A) do ; good job (B) take part ; in (C) have ; in mind
(D) pull ; off (L4)
24. Sara: Don't you think _____ the movie is _____?
John: Yes, I do.
(A) X ; boring (B) this ; tiring (C) about ; interesting
(D) that ; excited (L3)
25. Ben was _____ in the story. He just finished _____ it in a day.
(A) interest ; to read (B) interested ; reading
(C) interesting ; reading (D) interests ; to read (L3)
26. Someone asked me _____ at the night market then. She said the snack in my hand looked yummy.
(A) what was I eating (B) what I was eating
(C) I was eating what (D) I eating was what (L4)
27. Dora liked to eat cookies, but she didn't know how _____, so she learned it herself by watching a lot of videos on YouTube.
(A) he could make (B) could he make them
(C) to make (D) to make them (L4)
28. I think Steven is really a(n) _____ man. He kept looking at his smartphone and didn't talk with me when we had dinner last Friday.
(A) boring (B) bored (C) interesting (D) interested (R2)
29. A : Do you know _____ to school yet?
B : We're very worried about her.
(A) when Jane hasn't come (B) when hasn't Jane come
(C) why Jane hasn't come (D) why hasn't Jane come (L4)
30. Miss Lee's class is never _____. She always teaches music in a(n) _____ way.
(A) tired ; exciting (B) interested ; boring
(C) surprised ; tired (D) boring ; interesting (L3)
31. Sam is usually _____ his homework, but he's never _____ video games.

- (A) bored with ; tired of (B) surprised at ; exciting to
(C) excited about ; interesting to (D) tiring of ; bored at (L3)
32. I have no idea _____ my little brother has eaten dinner or not. He has stayed in his bedroom since I came home.
(A) how long (B) what (C) whether (D) what time (R2)
33. My computer got broken. Do you know _____?
(A) how much did it cost (B) how could that happen
(C) how long it took (D) how to fix it (R2)
34. Niclo: Can you tell me _____ to walk to the train station?
Lily: Maybe about thirty minutes.
(A) how long does it take (B) how long it takes
(C) what time it is (D) what time is it (R2)
35. Anita has _____ since she was hit by a car. Now she watches both sides of the street carefully every time before she crosses it.
(A) taken action (B) lent a hand (C) learned a lesson
(D) taken a moment (L3)
36. The kids _____ that they _____ a good time at the party.
(A) saying ; are having (B) have said ; have
(C) said ; having (D) said; had (L3)
37. Let's check out _____ in the bedroom.
(A) is singing (B) who is singing (C) who singing is
(D) who singing (R2)

題組

A.

How does a mistake become a successful product? Post-it Notes are a good example. In 1968, a 3M researcher, Spencer Silver, was trying to make a very strong glue to be used in building planes. However, he came up with something different instead. He made a very weak glue. At that time, nobody could think of a use for this weak glue, but he believed he would find a use for it one day. Many years later, another 3M researcher, Arthur Fry, had a problem of losing his notes in his church song book. He was tired of that. One day, an idea came into Arthur's mind. He remembered Spencer's glue and tried some on his bookmarks. It worked wonderfully! Arthur saw that his bookmarks stayed in place. To his surprise, he could easily take them away from the pages and stick them again. In 1974, the idea of Post-it Note was born, and Arthur then started making the notes with Silver's glue for 3M. Spencer, Arthur, and their team spent several years working to make sure the glue stayed on the piece of paper and not on the page. After a successful product test, Post-it Notes hit the market in 1980. Since then, Post-it Notes have become one of the most popular office products in the world. There are now more than 600 Post-it Note

products sold in more than 100 countries. Have you ever used Post-it Notes? What do you think of this successful mistake?

Post-it Note 便利貼 product 產品 researcher 研究員 glue 膠；膠水 weak 不合標準的 bookmark 書籤 stick 黏貼

38. What is the topic of this reading?

- (A) The history of Post-it Notes.
- (B) A successful company—3M.
- (C) Tips for writing notes.
- (D) Ways to stop making mistakes.

39. What does **that** mean?

- (A) Spencer couldn't stop making mistakes in his job.
- (B) Arthur's notes kept falling out of his church song book.
- (C) Arthur was bored with his job as a researcher.
- (D) Arthur couldn't find his church song book.

40. What is the correct order of the following events?

- ① 3M held a market test and began selling Post-it Notes.
 - ② Spencer made weak glue, and nobody interested it.
 - ③ Arthur put glue on a piece of paper and used the paper as a bookmark.
 - ④ Researchers tried to find a way to get the glue to stick to the paper and not come off.
- (A) ①④②③ (B) ④②③① (C) ②③①④ (D) ②③④①

B.

People enjoy reading a lot in their free time. Some like reading newspapers, and others enjoy reading novels or comic books. I like reading about the lives of great people. This always gives me lots of ideas on how to make my own life better.

Great people are remembered not because they were handsome or beautiful, but because they did not give up when their lives were difficult. They used every chance to change their lives and make the world better.

One good example is Orville and Wilbur Wright. The two brothers invented the airplane. The airplane has made the world into a small village. Hard work, not good luck, is the reason why the Wright Brothers could invent this convenient machine and become **remarkable** people.

When I feel sad, stories of great people always help me feel better. This is why I enjoy reading about great people's lives.

invent 發明 the reason why... 的理由

41. How did great people inspire the writer?

- (A) They were handsome or beautiful.
- (B) They were able to invent new machines to make our world become better.
- (C) They never cared about people around them.
- (D) They kept going even when they had a hard time.

inspire 激發

42. What does **remarkable** mean in the third paragraph?

- (A) Special and famous. (B) Lucky and interesting.
- (C) Tall and handsome. (D) Nice and quiet.

C.

The day before yesterday, George received a call from a stranger. The woman caller told George "Congratulations, sir! You've won our big prize, one hundred thousand dollars." George was so happy. He asked the caller, "When can I get the money?" The caller then asked George to go to the ATM first and waited for her call. He agreed right away and hung up the phone. Then he ran to his wife. He couldn't wait to share the good news with his wife, Henna. "Darling! Guess what? I won a prize of one hundred thousand dollars! We can buy a new motorcycle soon." George said in a joyful voice. However, after Mary heard the "good news," she said to George coldly "It's not true! They are trying to cheat you out of your money!" George said, "No! I'll get the money soon." Mary asked, "Do they ask you to go to the ATM and wait for another call?" George felt confused and said, "How do you know, darling?" Mary told George, "I learned that from TV news. Many people were cheated in this way. So, don't be the next **victim**, my dear! Stay home and don't do anything stupid." "I see. Thanks, darling."

congratulations 恭喜 joyful 高興的 confused 感到困惑的

43. What did Mary do after she heard the good news?

- (A) She couldn't say a word.
- (B) She stopped what George was going to do.
- (C) She went to the ATM with George.
- (D) She was as happy as George.

44. What might **victim** mean in this article?

- (A) A person that shares good news.
- (B) A man who cheats others.
- (C) A winner of a big prize.
- (D) Someone who is cheated.

45. Which is true?

- (A) George won one hundred thousand dollars.
- (B) George won a prize of a new motorcycle.
- (C) George went to the ATM to wait for the call.
- (D) George was almost cheated by the woman caller.

II. 手寫部份: 30% ★答案請寫在答案卷上

一. 文意字彙(請寫出空格中適合的字彙) 10%(每題一分)

1. My classmates made some c_____ts on my clothes. (L4)
2. People can take the day off on a n_____al holiday. (L4)
3. Tina will have a m_____ting with his boss at nine twenty tomorrow. (L4)
4. This m_____e should be taken every six hours, four times a day. (L3)
5. Jennifer bought two k_____ms of rice every week. (L3)
6. Kevin is e_____ting to go on a family trip during this summer vacation. (L4)
7. Amanda spoke all day long, so she has a s_____t_____t. (L3)

※請翻面繼續作答

★答案請寫在答案卷上

8. The newspaper's front-page headline reads, "A Typhoon Is Coming." (L3)
9. You can search for the news with keywords. (L3)
10. The road ahead is very dangerous, so be careful. (L4)

二. 翻譯填空:16%

(每格 2 分, 每格不限一個字, 錯一字扣一分)

- a. 從現在起，養成新聞事實查證的習慣。 (L3)
From now on, _____ 11. _____ to fact-check the news.
b. 我很高興我們都有共識了。 (L4)
I'm glad that _____ 12. _____.
c. 看看這則關於一名婦人與她的貓咪的新聞報導。 (L3)
Take a _____ 13. _____ a woman and her cats.
d. 因為網路的關係，製造與分享假新聞很容易。 (L3)
_____ 14. _____, it is easy _____ 15. _____ news.
e. 由於這部電影，現在我明白台灣真正有多美。 (L4)
Thanks to the movie, I now see _____ 16. _____.
f. 用這樣的方式，他可以向人們展現台灣的美，以及人們已經對台灣造成的傷害。 (L4)
In this way, he was able to _____ 17. _____, and _____ 18. _____ to it.

三. 句子重組:4% (每題 2 分，全對才給分)

- g. the children / is / The bedtime story / to / interesting (L3)
_____ 19. _____
h. I'm / what / the / list / wondering / on / is (L4)
_____ 20. _____

手寫答案卷需確實寫上班級、座號、姓名，違者一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需用藍色或黑色墨水筆書寫，違者一律扣總分五分，使用鉛筆書寫扣五分。】

手寫答案卷

答案卡得分	手寫卷得分	總 分

一. 文意字彙(請寫出空格中適合的字彙) 10%(每題一分)

1		2		3		4		5	
6		7		8		9		10	

二. 翻譯填空:16% (每格 2 分, 每格不限一個字, 錯一字扣一分)

11		12	
13		14	
15		16	
17		18	

三. 句子重組:4% (每題 2 分，全對才給分)

19	
20	