

【讀卡科目請依規定畫卡，若有違反畫卡規定而影響讀卡作業之情事，一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需確實寫上班級、座號、姓名，違者一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需用藍色或黑色墨水筆書寫，違者一律扣總分五分，使用鉛筆書寫扣五分。】

畫卡部分 70%

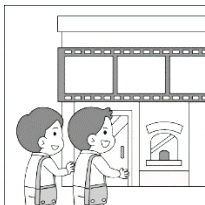
第一部分：聽力測驗 20%

一、辨識句意 5%

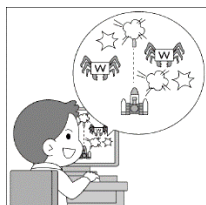
1. (A)



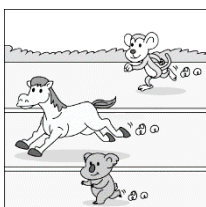
(B)



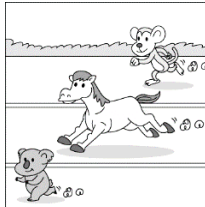
(C)



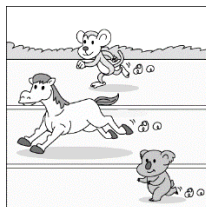
2. (A)



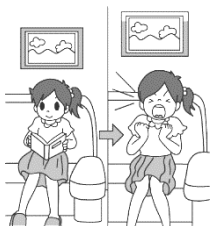
(B)



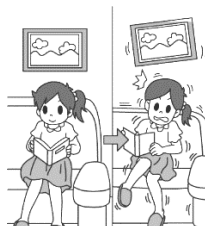
(C)



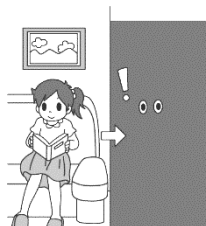
3. (A)



(B)



(C)



4. (A)



(B)



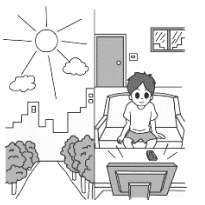
(C)



5. (A)



(B)



(C)



二、基本問答 5%

6. (A) Because I had to catch the school bus.

(B) Because I was weak this morning.

(C) Because I didn't take a break.

7. (A) She made us happy.

(B) She didn't do anything in the school.

(C) She made us clean the classroom.

8. (A) Yes, they are so happy.

(B) Yes, they did because I got home almost 12 o'clock.

(C) Please don't look at me like that.

9. (A) It happens sometimes.

(B) We won't have to go to school.

(C) Yes, it is really a strong typhoon.

10. (A) Sorry. I won't do that again.

(B) But it is a great picture.

(C) I love this picture very much.

三、言談理解 10%

11. (A) His friend.

(B) His parents.

(C) His dad.

12. (A) She wasn't listening to the boy when he helped her with the report.

(B) She didn't do the homework again.

(C) She forgot to bring the report again.

13. (A) She is Mike's lawyer.

(B) She is Mike's teacher.

(C) She is Mike's secretary.

14. (A) The man did it by himself.

(B) The man and his brother.

(C) The man and the woman.

15. (A) On the plane.

(B) In a restaurant.

(C) In a train station.

第二部分：綜合測驗

一、單題測驗 22%

16. I like Nezuko the _____ because she is friendly to me all the time.

(A) more (B) less (C) best (D) least

17. The police officer had the bad guy _____ running.

(A) to stop (B) stopping (C) stopped (D) stop

18. Eric runs _____ than all the other students, so he decides to practice hard.

(A) faster (B) more slowly (C) most slowly (D) the fastest

19. My father and I are watching the kitten _____ happily.

(A) plays (B) played (C) will play (D) play

20. Elon _____ his project if he _____ enough money.

(A) closes; doesn't have (B) will close; won't have

(C) closes; won't have (D) will close; doesn't have

21. The homework today is not very difficult, so little John can do it _____.

(A) himself (B) of his own (C) by him (D) of himself

22. Roy looked _____, and he played with his cat _____.

(A) angry; happily (B) happy; happily

(C) happily; happy (D) angrily; happily

23. Students _____ go to school on holidays.

(A) shouldn't (B) don't have to (C) mustn't (D) haven't to

24. A: How does Mr. Jones treat the animals?

B: He treats the animals _____.

(A) kind (B) bad (C) not good (D) badly

25. Nick: _____

Janet: Yes. There's a boy standing near the door. He must be lost.

(A) Is the boy safe there?

(B) Should we call the police?

- (C) Do you hear someone crying?
(D) What's wrong with the boy?
26. Diane: Don't worry. You'll do well in the dancing contest.
John: OK. _____
(A) Let me turn it on. (B) Just be yourself.
(C) I'll try my best. (D) I should study harder.

二、題組 28%

(一)

(On the farm)

Hank: Hi, Ella. Good to see you again. Did your parents ask you
_____ 27. _____ and work here?

Ella: No one made me. I was not happy when my parents
_____ 28. _____ me come here last summer, but I started to enjoy
farm life after spending two months with animals and
plants. So, here I am. Don't you want me back?

Hank: Of course I do. We miss you and really need your help. You
work _____ 29. _____ and carefully.

Ella: Thanks. What can I help you with today?

Hank: Could you _____ 30. _____ me pick guavas and peaches? The
typhoon is coming.

Ella: No problem. _____ 31. _____

27. (A) to come (B) a question (C) come (D) for some money
28. (A) make (B) had (C) lets (D) helped
29. (A) slowly (B) clearly (C) quickly (D) hardly
30. (A) watch (B) make (C) let (D) help
31. (A) Let's hurry. (B) What should we start with?
(C) The more, the better. (D) Here I am.

(二)

On May 21st in Canada, a sea lion pulled a little girl into the
sea. Only a minute before, the family fed the sea lion in a port.
The girl sat near the water and the sea lion bit her dress and
pulled her into the water. The sea lion was not trying to kill her, it
did not want to eat her, and it probably just wanted some food
from her. The girl's father quickly jumped into the water and
saved her. No one was hurt.

When we feed wild animals, it makes them stop being afraid
of us. Once they lose their fear, they will know we are pretty weak
and they can just take everything they want from us. They
become very aggressive to us, and they will attack us for food.
These animals may look cute and friendly, but they truly not. They
are wild animals with claws, sharp teeth and strong bodies.
There's a reason for those 'Don't feed the animals' signs!

port(港口) hurt(受傷) aggressive(侵略性的) attack(攻擊)
claws(爪) reason(理由)

32. What is the main idea of the reading?
(A) Don't get too close to wild animals.
(B) We should be more friendly to animals.
(C) We shouldn't feed wild animals.
(D) Wild animals look cute and friendly.
33. Why did the sea lion pulled the girl into the sea?

- (A) The sea lion wanted to play with girl.
(B) The sea lion wanted the food from the girl.
(C) The sea lion wanted to eat the girl.
(D) The sea lion wanted the girl's dress.

34. Which is not true about the reading?

- (A) Finally, the father pulled the girl out of the water and saved
her.
(B) Wild animals are truly cute and friendly.
(C) Wild animals' claws, teeth, and strong bodies may hurt us.
(D) If we feed wild animals, they will lose their fear.

(三)

Immigrants are everywhere on the news these days. It's very
easy to travel around now and so their number becomes larger
and larger in the last twenty years. People leave their home
countries for many reasons. Some people leave because they
want a better life. Others do it because of war, famine or religious
persecution. They can't take anything with them and have to start
a new life in a strange land. It must be very difficult for them to
do this. When immigrants go to a new country, they also take with
them their cultures, customs and their foods. Immigrants give
diversity in many areas to their new countries.

There are many famous immigrants in history. Two very
famous scientists moved to America from Europe. Albert Einstein
was from Germany and Nikola Tesla was from Serbia. Steve Jobs'
father was from Syria. Many foods we eat today are also from
immigrants. Italians brought pizza, the Japanese brought sushi,
and we have spicy foods thanks to the Thai and Indian
immigrants.

Immigrants may have disadvantages, such as higher cost of
health care and education, disagreements between different
religions and cultures. But they really give their new countries a
richer and more colorful culture and a chance to reborn.

reasons(理由) war(戰爭) famine(飢荒) religious persecution(宗教
迫害) cultures(文化) customs(習俗) Europe(歐洲) spicy(辛辣的)
disadvantages(缺點) disagreements(歧見) religions(宗教)
richer(更豐富的) reborn(重生)

35. What does it mean when something is with 'diversity'?

- (A) the same (B) delicious (C) different (D) hard

36. What's the best title for the reading?

- (A) The New Life of Immigrants
(B) Immigrants Are Important
(C) Famous Immigrants in History
(D) The Immigrants' Food

37. Which is not true about the reading?

- (A) Immigrants won't take anything bad to their countries.
(B) Some immigrants' lives in their home land are worse than in
their new countries.
(C) The number of immigrants now is getting larger and larger
because of easy travel.
(D) People today can eat foreign(外國的) dishes easily because of
immigrants.

(四)

Although some clothes were popular a long time ago, they are still at stores. In fashion industry, this is very typical. Right now online shops and clothing stores like H&M are selling old-fashioned clothes, and they were last popular in the 1990s. Velvet, a kind of soft and fuzzy material, comes back again, and people now often use it to make dress and skirts. We can also find one-piece garments, a kind of bodysuit, about everywhere these days. These things may be new to today's young people, but they are just old news to their parents.

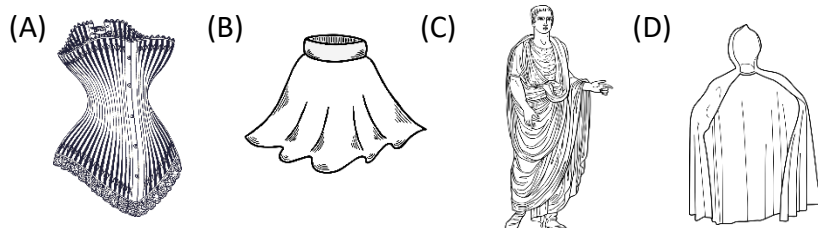
There is also another trend, the corset, coming back. Women in the 1800s and early 1900s used them heavily to give their bodies a beautiful shape. Men used them to make their waists smaller. These days, celebrities like Lady Gaga and Madonna are wearing them and making them popular again. So don't throw your old clothes away; they'll probably be in fashion again in 10 years.

industry(產業) typical(典型) fuzzy(毛茸茸的) material(材料)
garments(服裝) bodysuit(塑身衣) trend(趨勢) shape(形狀)
waists(腰) celebrities(名人) probably(可能)

38. Which is the best title for the reading?

- (A) The Older the Better
(B) Don't Throw Away Old Clothes
(C) Celebrities' Fashion Choice
(D) Recycled(回收再利用的) Fashion

39. According to the article, which does corset refer(指) to?



40. Which is true about the reading?

- (A) Women in the 1800s used corset to make dress and skirts.
(B) Men used Velvet to make their waist look smaller.
(C) Garments are just old things to young people's parents.
(D) Corsets make Lady Gaga and Madonna popular again.

手寫測驗

一、字彙測驗 5% (每題 1 分)

1.	服務 n.
2.	蔬菜 n.
3.	百萬 n.
4.	地震 n.
5.	選擇 v.

二、將下列形容詞改為副詞 5%(每題 1 分)

1.	late
2.	wise
3.	comfortable
4.	hungry
5.	early

三、翻譯填空 10% (每格限一字，每格 1 分)

1. 我們努力工作，但是瓊斯先生並沒有善待我們。
We work ① , but Mr. Jones doesn't treat us ② .
2. 你可以幫我查證一下這項資訊嗎？
Could you ③ me ④ out this information?
3. 你真的應該要訓練自己面對你對黑暗的恐懼。
You really should ⑤ ⑥ to face your fear of the dark.
4. 牠們的嗅覺比我們的好上幾千倍。
Their ⑦ of smell is thousands of ⑧ better than ours.
5. 因為牠們的體型，牠們可以鑽進(到達)很小的空間。
They can ⑨ very small spaces because ⑩ their size.

四、依提示作答 4% (每題 2 分)

1. Ted runs more slowly than Jay. Jay runs more slowly than Peggy.
(以 Peggy 為首，並用副詞最高級造句)
2. { We won't need to go to school tomorrow.
The typhoon will get stronger. (用 If...將兩個句子合併)

五、中翻英 6%(每題 3 分)

1. 他要(使)我們日夜工作而且很少讓我們休息。
2. 我可以看到街上的樹正在搖。

新北市立中正國中 110 學年度第二學期八年級英語科第二次段考試題
範圍：Book 4 Unit 3~Review 2 班級：_____座號：_____姓名：_____

【答案卷】

【手寫答案卷需確實寫上班級、座號、姓名，違者一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需用藍色或黑色墨水筆書寫，違者一律扣總分五分，使用鉛筆書寫扣五分。】

手寫分數	畫卡分數	總分

手寫測驗 30%

一、字彙測驗 5%(每題 1 分)

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.

二、將下列形容詞改為副詞 5%(每題 1 分)

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.

三、翻譯填空 10%(每格 1 分)

①	②	③	④	⑤
⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩

四、依提示作答 4%(每題 2 分)

1.	
2.	

五、中翻英 6%(每題 3 分)

1.	
2.	