

【讀卡科目請依規定畫卡，若有違反畫卡規定而影響讀卡作業之情事，一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需確實寫上班級、座號、姓名，違者一律扣總分五分。】

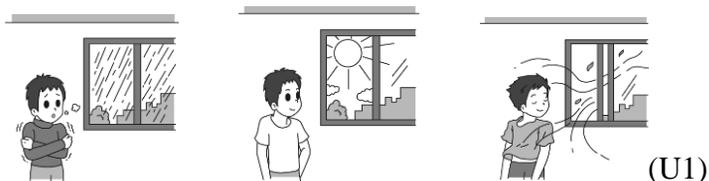
【手寫答案卷需用藍色或黑色墨水筆書寫，違者一律扣總分五分，使用鉛筆書寫扣五分。】

一、I. 讀卡部分: 70%

第一部分: 聽力測驗: 25% (1-5 每題一分; 6-15 每題二分)

一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。

1. (A) (B) (C)



2. (A) (B) (C)



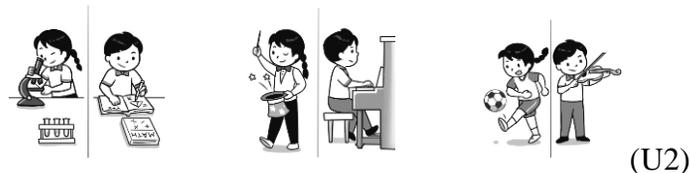
3. (A) (B) (C)



4. (A) (B) (C)



5. (A) (B) (C)



二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應

6. (A) That bag is not very cheap. (U1)

(B) It is Judy's.

(C) I like your red bag.

7. (A) We went jogging together last weekend. (U1)

(B) I visited him once a week.

(C) I sent some comic books to him.

8. (A) Sorry. You have the wrong number. (U2)

(B) Yes, I am Linda.

(C) I spoke to her five minutes ago.

9. (A) I went shopping last night. (U2)

(B) I didn't visit my uncle last night.

(C) I was in the bathroom when you came.

10. (A) She went to bed early. (U2)

(B) She brushes her teeth.

(C) She doesn't watch any movies.

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案。

11. (A) It is cold and rainy. (U1)

(B) It is hot and rainy.

(C) It is warm and rainy.

12. (A) He is the girl's teacher. (U1)

(B) He is the girl's father.

(C) He is the girl's boyfriend.

13. (A) Their math teacher. (U2)

(B) Their favorite subjects.

(C) Their favorite sports.

14. (A) She has dinner. (U2)

(B) She does her homework.

(C) She prepares for the exam.

15. (A) He couldn't find his shoes. (U1)

(B) He didn't catch the school bus.

(C) There was a lot of rain.

第二部分: 綜合測驗 (16-36每題二分; 37-39每題一分)

一、單題選擇。

16. A: How was the weather _____ here yesterday? (U1)

B: It _____ a little, but it was still hot.

(A) X; rains (B) like; rainy

(C) X; rained (D) like; is rainy

17. A: I have some pictures _____ BTS.

B: They are my favorite. Can you give _____? (U1)

(A) for; me them (B) of; them to me

(C) of; me to them (D) to; it to me

18. The students in the classroom are making cards _____ their homeroom teacher. (U1)

(A) for (B) to (C) of (D) in

19. Their kids are sleeping, but mine _____. They are playing there. (U1)

(A) is (B) doesn't (C) are (D) aren't

20. Our math teacher teaches us _____ a fun way. We all like math now. (U2)

(A) of (B) in (C) to (D) for

21. The supermarket is having a sale. You can buy something and get a gift _____. (U2)

(A) coming right up (B) at all (C) in fact (D) for free

22. I designed my own computer games _____ I finished my computer lessons. (U2)

(A) after (B) before (C) ,when (D) ,and

23. He read comic books when he _____ free time.

(A) was (B) had (C) has (D) is (U2)

24. When I heard _____ the club, I thought _____ you. (U2)

(A) about; about (B) of; about

(C) from; of (D) about; of

25. _____ jacket is it? It is my sister's. (U1)

(A) Whose (B) Who (C) What (D) Which

二、題組。

The real **wealth**(財富)

One day, a rich man decided to take his son on a trip to the country. The wealthy man wanted to show his son how the poor people live, so he could be thankful for his wealth.

They spent two days on a farm of a very poor family. On their way home, the rich man asked his son, "How was our trip with this poor family and what did you learn?"

The son answered, "I saw that we have **servants**(僕人) to **serve**(服務) us, but they serve others. We have one dog and they have four. We have lanterns in our gardens and they have stars at night. We buy our food, but they grow theirs. We have a big pool in our garden, but they have a river that has no end. We have large walls to **protect**(保護) us and they have friends to protect them." Finally, the son added, "Thank dad for showing me how poor we are."

26. What did the rich father want his son to learn?

- (A) He wanted his son to experience the life on the farm.
- (B) He wanted his son would be thankful for what he owned.
- (C) He wanted his son to be a farmer.
- (D) He wanted his son to live with the poor family.

27. According to the story, what is NOT true?

- (A) The poor family will help each other.
- (B) The poor family had no money to buy lanterns.
- (C) The poor family could grow their own food.
- (D) The poor family own the river.

28. At the end of story, what did the son learn?

- (A) He learned the family owned a lot.
- (B) He learned the family were really poor.
- (C) He learned his father was right.
- (D) He learned his father was really rich.

Jin went to a new **grocery store**. It was a small, friendly store in her **neighborhood**(附近). She usually goes to a bigger store far away, but she wanted to see something new.

Jin felt wonderful when she entered the store. Everywhere she saw beautiful green plants. To her right, she saw a long wall of fruit and vegetables. They were all fresh. The color were very pretty. There were yellow lemons next to red apples and brown potatoes next to green peppers. All the bright colors made her feel very cheerful. At the back, there was a small **dairy section**(乳品區) with yogurt, egge, cheese and milk. Next to the dairy section, there was a **rack**(架子) of fresh meat and fish. The **butcher**(肉販) said hello and Jin talked to him for a while. He is also a student. Jin bought some fish.

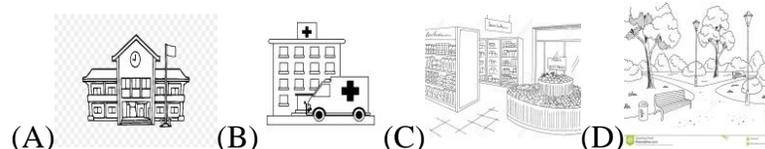
On the **opposite**(相反的) side of the store, there were rows of **shelves**(架子). The shelves were full of bottles of oil

and bags of fresh coffee. The coffee smelled amazing!

In the far corner, near the front, there was a small bakery section. Jin walked over and bought three **loaves**(條) of bread. They smelled **so good that**(如此...以致) she had to buy them. Next to the bakery, there were big **vases**(花瓶) of fresh flowers. Jin saw a cute **couple**(一對夫妻) there buying some pretty roses. Finally, she went to the checkout counter.

Overall, this was a very happy experience for Jin. She would definitely come back again,

29. What is "grocery store"?



30. Why did Jin go to the grocery store near her house?

- (A) It was very convenient.
- (B) She liked a small one.
- (C) She wondered what was new in the grocery store.
- (D) She liked to go shopping everywhere.

31. What did Jin buy in the grocery store?

- (A) Fish and bread.
- (B) Fish, bread and roses.
- (C) Fish, milk and bread.
- (D) Coffee, bread and roses.

Plastic(塑膠) is a problem. It makes rivers and oceans dirty. It kills animals. It takes hundreds of years to **disappear**(消失). Many companies want to **replace**(取代) plastic. Coca-Cola is trying to make a paper bottle. It wants to stop using plastic for its drinks bottles. Coca-Cola was the world's number one plastic **polluter**(污染者) in 2019.

Coca-Cola said: "Our **vision**(想像) is to create a paper bottle that can be recycled like any other type of paper. A paper bottle opens up a whole new world of **packaging**(包裝)." Coca-Cola wants to use only packaging from **renewable sources**(再生來源). These will be recyclable and **sustainable**(可持續的). They will be good for our **planet**(星球).

32. What is **not** true about the plastic bottles?

- (A) They makes our planet polluted.
- (B) They killed a lot of animals on earth.
- (C) They are new sources.
- (D) They are bad for our planet.

33. What will Coca-Cola plan to do ?

- (A) They will recycle the plastic bottles.
- (B) They will clean the rivers and oceans.
- (C) They will become the world's number one.
- (D) They will create a paper bottles for their packaging.

Friday was not a lucky day for Mrs. Brown, Peter and Amy's mother. It was difficult and tiring.

At 6:00, the alarm clock rang and Mrs. Brown got up **as usual**(如同平常). She took a shower and then went straight to the kitchen. There she made breakfast for her husband and her children. After breakfast, her husband left for work, Peter cleaned up the kitchen, and she got dressed. At 7:30, she said good-bye to Peter and Amy when they left for school. Then, she left the house and walked to the bus stop. She waited for the bus for twenty minutes. Mrs. Brown thought about her work, and she felt so nervous! Finally, she got to her office very late and her boss wasn't very happy!

Worst of all(最糟的是), after lunch, her boss found out she forgot to mail an important **form**(表格) to the **client**(客戶). Friday was the **deadline**(最後期限) for the form. Her boss really got angry at her and he said something bad to her. Mrs. Brown felt upset.

When Mrs. Brown got home, her boss called her and said sorry. Mrs. Brown felt much better. Her children **volunteered**(自願) to make dinner. After dinner and a long hot bath, she went to bed early. Mrs. Brown really needed a good night's sleep. What a terrible day!

34. According the reading, please make the **order**(順序) of what the family did in the morning.

- Mr. Brown left for work.
 - Peter cleaned up the kitchen.
 - Her children went to school.
 - Mrs. Brown made the breakfast.
 - Mrs. Brown waited for the bus.
- (A) dabce
(B) acebd
(C) aebcd
(D) dcbae

35. What did Mrs. Brown forget to do in the morning?

- (A) She forgot to say sorry to her boss.
(B) She forgot to set up the alarm clock.
(C) She forgot to go to work.
(D) She forgot to mail an important form.

36. When did Mrs. Brown feel much better?

- (A) After her children made dinner.
(B) After her boss said sorry to her on the phone.
(C) After she went to bed.
(D) After she got home.

(On the phone)

Judy: Hello, this is Judy speaking . May I speak to Jake, please?

Jake: Speaking. What's up, Judy?

Judy: Did you 37 any clubs?

Jake: Yes, I joined the magic club. And the lesson today 38 fun. The teacher taught us some tricks. I will show them to you next time. How about you?

Judy: I have no idea now.

Jake: Would you like to join 39 club with me? We can learn some tricks together.

37. (A) sign up for (B) in fact
(C) speak to (D) look for
38. (A) had (B) has
(C) was (D) is
39. (A) same (B) the same
(C) another (D) some

II. 手寫部分:30%

一、請將下列字詞用英文表示(每題一分):6%

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. 點餐；訂購 (U1) | 2. 課；課程 (I) (U2) |
| 3. 落下；丟下 (d) (U2) | 4. 工程師 (U2) |
| 5. 明信片 (U1) | 6. 晴天 (U1) |

二、翻譯填空(每格不限一字;全對才給分)

(每題兩分):12%

1. A: 你的澳洲之旅如何? B: 很好玩。 (U1)

A: How was your _____ Australia? B: It was fun.

2. Jobs 女士是一位台灣電玩遊戲比賽的四屆冠軍。

Ms. Jobs is a _____ winner of the Taiwan Video Game Contest. (U2)

3. 為何你穿綠色的外套?

Why were you _____ green jacket? (U1)

4. 我是個超級遊戲迷。

I'm _____ games. (U2)

5. 每年，我們都會免費帶兩位學生到倫敦遊戲節。

Every year, we take two students _____ to the London Game Festival for free. (U2)

6. 在老師把水倒進去之後，火從帽子裡跑出來。

Fire _____ a hat after the teacher put some water in it. (U2)

三、依提示改寫句子：(每題兩分)12%

1. How is the weather in Taipei? (用 What... 改寫)

(U1)

2. My father gave me a new cellphone yesterday.

(請用介係詞改寫) (U1)

3. Before I went to school, I finished my breakfast at home.

(請用 After... 改寫)(U2)

4. She cried out.

She heard the bad news. (請用...when... 合併)

(U2)

5. We had a lot of rain last summer.

(請用 It... 改寫) (U1)

6. The bike is my sister's bike, and your bike is there.

(請用所有格代名詞改寫)(U1)