

【讀卡科目請依規定畫卡，若有違反畫卡規定而影響讀卡作業之情事，一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需確實寫上班級、座號、姓名，違者一律扣總分五分。】

【手寫答案卷需用藍色或黑色墨水筆書寫，違者一律扣總分五分，使用鉛筆書寫扣五分。】

壹、畫卡部分 80%

一、聽力測驗20%

(一) 辨識句意: 根據聽到的內容, 選出最符合敘述的圖片 5%

1. (A) (B) (C)



2. (A) (B) (C)



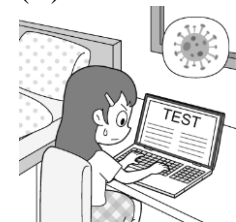
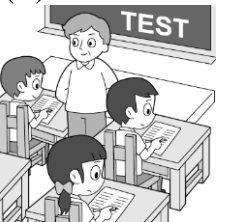
3. (A) (B) (C)



4. (A) (B) (C)



5. (A) (B) (C)



(二) 基本問答: 根據聽到的內容, 選出最適當的回應句 5%

6. (A) No, the store doesn't sell that product.
(B) Yes, I have already made a shopping list.
(C) No, we don't have a dozen eggs. (U4)
7. (A) I was too scared to move at all.
(B) I pray it won't happen again.
(C) It was sad that he got badly hurt. (U3)
8. (A) Yes, it was so terrible.
(B) No, I don't have to work today.
(C) Yes, I'm excited to go with you guys. (U4)

9. (A) I'm planning to build a new house with a big yard.
(B) It will land in one hour.
(C) I spent about five million dollars. (綜合)
10. (A) A woman is stirring the soup.
(B) A cabbage and eggs were put in the soup.
(C) It smelled good. I enjoyed it very much. (U3)
- (三) 言談理解: 根據聽到的內容, 選出一個最適當的答案 10%
11. (A) They are talking about a TV program.
(B) The woman is going to the concert with the man on December 14.
(C) Sarah Brightman is a singer. (U4)
12. (A) He needs to buy a lot of glasses.
(B) He wants her to be careful when she moves the box.
(C) He wants to break up with her. (U3)
13. (A) At the door of their house.
(B) In the living room.
(C) In a museum. (U4)
14. (A) The man is a reporter.
(B) It will be sunny tomorrow.
(C) It's better to bring an umbrella with the woman tomorrow. (U4)
15. (A) He has been interested in collecting stamps for a long time, and some are from his friends.
(B) He has been to many countries to collect them.
(C) The woman spent more than ten years collecting these stamps for him. (綜合)

二、語法綜合測驗 20 % (每題 2 分)

16. A: What a terrible accident! What happened?
B: I _____ by a car, and a girl came to _____ me (U3)
(A) hit; save (B) was hit; save
(C) was hitting ; saved (D) will be hit; saving
17. A: You are late, Jasper. Don't you know _____
B: Sorry, Miss Lin. I got up too late and missed the bus. (U4)
(A) what time is it? (B) what to do.
(C) how to do it? (D) what time it is?
18. A: How should I _____ this shirt?
B: It has to _____ in warm water. (U3習)
(A) wash; be washed (B) be washed; wash
(C) wash; been washed (D) washed; being washed
19. A: Excuse me. Would you tell me _____ there are any coffee shops near the metro station?
B: Yes, you can find at least two around there. (R2)
(A) where (B) if
(C) that (D) which
20. Does anyone know _____ (U4)
(A) who broke the window.
(B) why was Miss Li so angry yesterday.
(C) what does Sue like to have for lunch?
(D) whose watch is on the table?

21. Nothing _____ in the fridge! Where have all the food and drinks gone? (U3 會考題)
(A) has left (B) is leaving (C) is left (D) to leave
22. The little girl doesn't know who _____ for help when she is in trouble. (U4)
(A) to ask (B) can she ask
(C) should ask (D) will be ask
23. The cellphone _____ for four years, so she wants to buy a new one. (R2)
(A) was used (B) has been used
(C) is used (D) is being used
24. Everyone in the class takes turns _____ the blackboard. (U3)
(A) to be cleaned (B) will clean
(C) cleans (D) cleaning
25. Tell me if Eason _____ us a hand. If he _____, we won't have to worry about it anymore. (U4)
(A) gives; will (B) will give; will
(C) will give; does (D) gives; does

三、克漏字選擇 16 % (每題 2 分)

A

Mr. Barr was a soldier when he was young. In 1985, his village _____ 26 _____ by bombs, and his family and friends were all killed. He was the only survivor in the village. He got hurt and also lost three toes. Since then, he has had PTSD. Sometimes he can't fall asleep, and sometimes he dreams of bomb attacks.

PTSD is a mental disorder, and people may have it after experiencing _____ 27 _____ events. Having a serious car accident or being abused may cause PTSD. When people have PTSD, they may have sleeping problems, like Mr. Barr. They are afraid of the bad events and don't want the terrible experiences come back to their mind again. They even feel nervous easily.

Luckily, PTSD can _____ 28 _____ in many ways. If you think you have PTSD, go to the doctor _____ 29 _____ and don't be afraid to talk about your problems.

※ mental disorder 精神疾病 event 事件 abuse 虐待
(U3 習作)

26. (A) blew up (B) was attacked
(C) woke up (D) stands for
27. (A) interesting (B) missing
(C) exciting (D) scary
28. (A) be treated (B) treat
(C) been treated (D) being treat
29. (A) shape your lives (B) with pleasure
(C) as soon as possible (D) with a smile

B.

Smart Toothbrushes On the Way

By Lisa Robinson, CC Jan 12, 2014

It's a headache to many parents that their children do not

brush their teeth. When the children are made to, they would just put the toothbrush in their mouth for a few seconds, and say _____ 30 _____. Here is good news to these parents. A French company has developed a "smart" toothbrush to help people to _____ 31 _____. This "smart" toothbrush is coming out in the summer of 2014. It will cost from \$99 to \$200. The more a "smart" toothbrush can do, the higher the price is.

This "smart" toothbrush works just like the brush you are using now. However, it can record how long you brush, where in the mouth you brush, and _____ 32 _____ you brush up and down too or just side to side. What's better, it sends what it records to your smartphone or even your dentist. _____ 33 _____, this "smart" toothbrush scores your brushing habits. This will surely encourage you to brush your teeth in a right and smart way.

※ company 公司 develop 發展 record 紀錄
score 計分 encourage 鼓勵 (U4)

30. (A) the toothbrush doesn't work
(B) they have cleaned their teeth
(C) they had a bad tooth
(D) they forgot it
31. (A) get into good brushing habits
(B) save more money
(C) understand how importance good teeth are
(D) decide when to brush their teeth
32. (A) that (B) why (C) whether (D) when
33. (A) Because the price is high
(B) When you go to bed
(C) If you need more time to brush teeth
(D) To turn brushing teeth into a game

四、閱讀測驗 24 % (每題 2 分)

A.

The world is not the same as it once was. The air is dirtier and causing more and more health problems. The water is drying out or has become too polluted to use. The land is dying, too, because of climate change.

Lucky for all of us, some people in this world are trying to change all of that. These amazing people are not grown-ups with a lot of money and experience. Instead, these amazing people are kids.

- * Some help people in need.
They help the poor and donate toys or books.
- * Some help animals have better lives.
They help at the animal shelter and feed animals.
- * Some do everything they can to protect the environment, like picking up trash at the beach.
- * Some make the world better by making it more beautiful.
They paint the wall and create art to make people smile and give them hope.

Best of all, kids are changing the world with their kindness. They help people feel better and create the same feelings in the people around them. They also treat everyone with kindness no

matter what they look like or where they are from. A kinder world is truly a better world, isn't it?

※ cause 造成 Instead 代替 shelter 收容所
no matter 無論 (U3)

34. What is the main idea of this reading?

- (A) The world has been made better because of grown-ups.
- (B) Kids are the reason that the world has gotten worse.
- (C) Children are changing the world for the better.
- (D) The land, air, and water were made better by the climate.

35. According to the reading, which is something that young people have **NOT** done to make the world better?

- (A) They have made people's lives bright with their art.
- (B) They have made themselves look more beautiful.
- (C) They have given help to other living things.
- (D) They have been nice to and cared about others

36. Which is true?

- (A) Taking care of people's feelings helps the world just as much as protecting the environment.
- (B) People who don't look the same as we do should be treated with less kindness.
- (C) It's impossible for kids to make a better world.
- (D) Making the world beautiful does little to change how people feel about themselves.

B.

MURPHY'S LAW

The definition of Murphy's law is "If it is possible for something to go wrong, it will." Such as nothing is ever as easy as it looks or everything always takes a lot of longer than you think.

Origin

In 1949, an Air Force engineer named Edward Murphy was helping with G-force testing sensors at Air Force Base. The sensors at first failed to work because they were incorrectly attached by a technician. Murphy complained and said "If there are two ways to do something, and one will **result in** disaster, he'll do it that way." His comment was quickly become our modern idiom.

Examples Of Use

"I was almost out of gas and, of course, there was no gas station for miles-Murphy's law."

"I know you think we'll meet the deadline but don't forget Murphy's law."

The lesson behind Murphy's Law is to be prepared for the worst. So, if you aren't ready for tomorrow's test, don't even think about cheating because you will get caught. Study hard.

※ origin 起源 Air Force base 空軍基地 sensor 傳感器
attach 連接 technician 技師 complain 抱怨
deadline 最後期限 disaster 災難 (U4)

37. Which is an example of Murphy's Law?

- (A) You pray for the toast to land butter-side up when it falls, but it doesn't.
- (B) You just finished washing your car, and it starts to rain.
- (C) The school bus always comes late when you have a test on that day.
- (D) All of the above.

38. What can we learn from the reading?

- (A) Edward Murphy is an Air Force Base.
- (B) Murphy is a lawyer.
- (C) In the reading, "**result in**" means "lead to."
- (D) We didn't miss the deadline and handed in our report in time – Murphy's Law.

39. Which of the following is **NOT** a lesson from Murphy's Law?

- (A) Hope for the best, but prepare for the worst.
- (B) Everything will go wrong, so we don't need to try hard.
- (C) Always have more than one plan ready.
- (D) Anything can happen, so we always need to be prepared.

C.

Dear Aunt Tara,
I have a problem with my homework. We have to do it in a group. It has to be finished this Friday, but Gary, the boy in our group, has done nothing helpful. He just keeps rocking the boat. Every time we talk about the work with him, he always says, "Don't worry. I'll do it later." But he seldom does his job. And when he does, he does it the wrong way. Someone has to do it for him again. What's worse is when Ms. Lin asks about our group, Gary always tells her that we others don't work hard enough. I'm really mad at Gary about this. We're in the same group. Shouldn't we help each other to do a better job?

Kate



Dear Kate,

It is important for students to learn how to work together in a group. Maybe you should talk to Gary about the problem and tell him you all need his help. If he still doesn't change, go talk to your teacher. I believe she can make Gary do his job.

Aunt Tara



(基測)

40. What does rocking the boat most likely mean in Kate's letter?

- (A) Doing easy jobs.
- (B) Telling people what to do.
- (C) Working without thinking.
- (D) Stopping things going well.

41. What does this mean?

- (A) Speaking at the wrong time.
- (B) Talking too much about himself.
- (C) Making excuses for being late for group meetings.
- (D) Saying something bad about the group.

42. What do we know from Aunt Tara's letter?
(A) Kate should let Gary know how she feels.
(B) Kate is the leader of Ms. Lin's class.
(C) Gary should be put in another group.
(D) Gary has decided to change himself.

D.

Why Did Russia Attack Ukraine?

The biggest European war since 1945 is happening in Ukraine right now, and the whole world is watching. Russia has attacked their neighbor, Ukraine, for many years and thousands of people are dying. Why did Russia attack Ukraine?

Russia and Ukraine have a long and complicated history. They used to be a part of the Soviet Union, but have been separate countries since 1991. Because of this, Russia and Ukraine share much of their culture, language, and history.

The two countries have actually been fighting for many years already, including about who should control an area called Crimea. Russia took control of Crimea in 2014. In late February 2022, Russia's leader, Vladimir Putin, said that the Russian army would do a "special military operation" in Ukraine. This really means war. Putin told the people of Russia that the Ukrainian government was dangerous and that he wanted to save Ukraine. Most people think this is a lie, and believe that Putin actually wants to expand his empire.

Russia's army attacked many cities in Ukraine by using soldiers, tanks, and bombs. Though being much smaller than Russia's, Ukraine's army is protecting the country well. Putin seems to be getting frustrated, and is sending more troops to Ukraine.

Many countries in the world are worried, however, that if they help too much, Putin will get very angry and start a world war. No one knows when this war will end.

※Russia 俄羅斯	European 歐洲的
Soviet Union 蘇聯	complicated 複雜的
separate 單獨的	control 控制
military operation 軍事行動	government 政府
expand 擴張	empire 帝國
frustrated 沮喪的	army 軍隊
troop 軍隊	

(時事)

43. According to the reading, what do most people think Putin's motive(動機) for attacking Ukraine?
(A) He wants to save Ukraine from their terrible government.
(B) He wants to make Ukraine a part of Russia.
(C) He wants to use the land in Ukraine to build factories.
(D) He wants to get revenge(報復) on Ukraine for attacking Crimea.

44. According to the reading, what is surprising about Ukraine's military(軍隊)?
(A) The Ukrainian army is being defeated (打敗) faster than expected(期待).
(B) The Ukrainian army is much bigger than Russian's.
(C) The Ukrainian army has better tanks and bombs than Russian army.
(D) The Ukrainian is putting up a good fight, even though they have less soldiers.
45. Which is true?
(A) Both Russia and Ukraine used to be one part of the Soviet Union.
(B) Most countries in the world help Ukraine by sending troops.
(C) Russia took control of Crimea in 1945.
(D) Putin is the leader of Ukraine.

貳、手寫部分 20%

一、單字(中翻英)及文意字彙: 6% (每題1分)

1. 黏貼 (U3) 2. 羽毛球 (U3) 3. 機器 (U4)
4. 助理 (U4)
5. The earthquake just happened. It's dangerous to cross that weak b_____e over the river. (U4)
6. There is a saying (諺語). "Don't put all your eggs in one b_____t." We should spread the risk(風險). (U3)

二、依提示作答: 4% (每題2分)

1. Did you upload the photos to the cloud? / I want to know.
(I 開頭, 用whether 合併成一句) (U4習作)
2. Jim will take out the trash later.
(The trash 開頭, 改成被動式) (U3)

三、翻譯填空: 10% (一格一分)

1. 這故事甚至被報導在報紙上。(U3)
The story was even ①_____ in a ②_____.
2. 當你外面時, 你的手機會告訴你, 是否成功地透過電子錢包付費。(U4)
When you are ③_____, your phone tells you if the money has been ④_____ from your online ⑤_____ successfully.
3. 或許他應該在口袋裡帶一張有中心地址的紙條。(U3)
Maybe he should ⑥_____ a ⑦_____ with the center's address in his ⑧_____.
4. 這概念是將事物連結到網路, 來讓事物智慧化。(U4)
The idea is to make things smart by ⑨_____ them to the ⑩_____.

