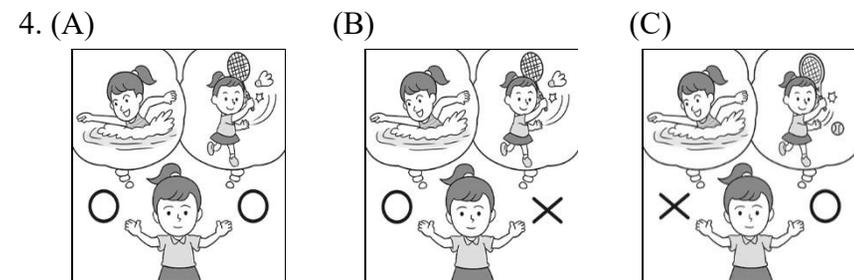
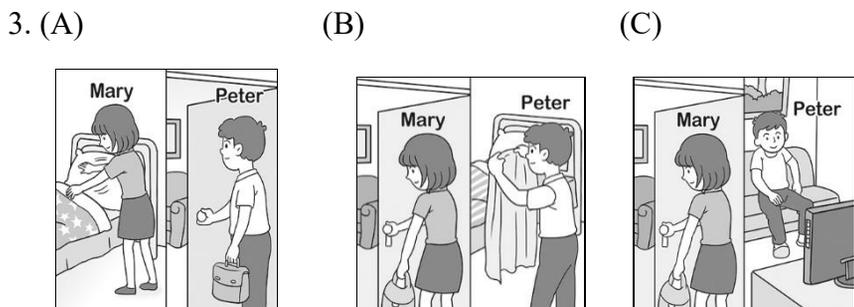
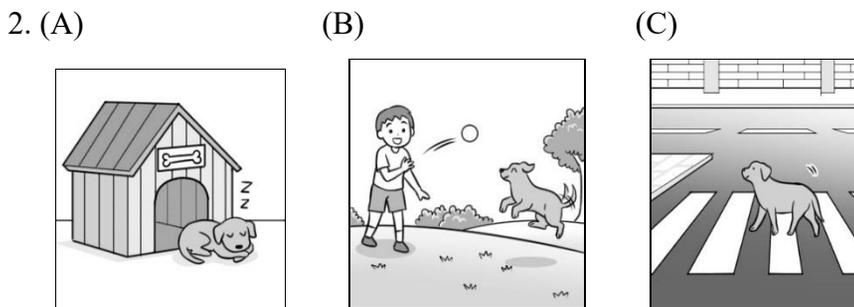
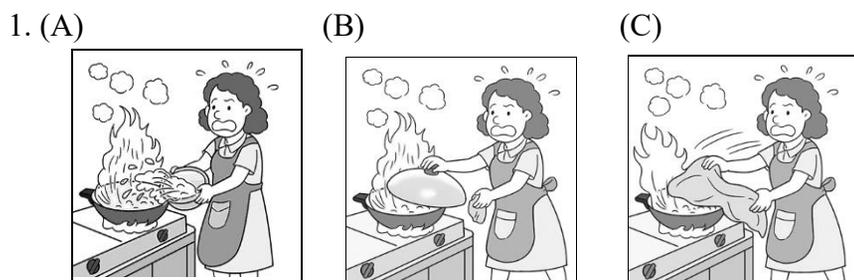


【讀卡科目請依規定畫卡，若有違反畫卡規定而影響讀卡作業之情事，一律扣總分五分。】

第一部分：聽力測驗 20%

一、辨識句意 8% (每題 2 分)



二、基本問答 6% (每題 2 分)

5. (A) No, I arrived ten minutes early.
 (B) No, both Tim and I go to work late today.
 (C) Yes, I will be there on time.
6. (A) The owner of the bike is Lisa.
 (B) She asked her dad to pick her up.
 (C) Seldom. I don't really like it.
7. (A) It lasted three hours, didn't it?
 (B) Both Nicky and Jeff were late for it.
 (C) Oh, no! I won't be in school by Friday.

三、言談理解 6% (每題 2 分)

8. (A) Where did you buy your car?
 (B) Can you move your car somewhere else.
 (C) Where is the nearest bus stop?
9. (A) Someone who the woman might know.
 (B) A dress that the woman wore.
 (C) A friend that they miss a lot.
10. (A) He played basketball in the rain.
 (B) He can't decide which club to join.
 (C) He can't stand the tiring training.

第二部分：綜合測驗 80%

一、單題測驗 30% (每題 2 分)



11. Look at the picture. The girl is lying on the _____ and reading a novel. (L1)
 (A) grass (B) floor (C) sofa (D) flour
12. The one-year-old boy is afraid of _____. He cries loudly every time when seeing someone he hasn't seen before. (L1)
 (A) strangers (B) elder (C) animals (D) danger
13. Fire fighters have to wear masks when they enter a _____ house that is full of thick, black smoke. (L1)
 (A) burn (B) burned (C) burning (D) burns
14. I was wondering how I could _____ free music that I can listen to at any time, even when I'm offline. Can you help me with that? (L2)
 (A) put out (B) key in (C) enter (D) download
15. Yang Yung Wei became _____ known for his taekwondo (跆拳道) skills after the 2020 Tokyo Olympics. (L2)
 (A) finally (B) successfully (C) widely (D) easily
16. Night markets in Taiwan are famous. They are always the top _____ on foreigners' must-go list. (L2)
 (A) choose (B) place (C) choice (D) answer
17. The old lady made the _____ of not turning off her stove and then caused a big fire. (L1)
 (A) mistake (B) miss (C) problem (D) false
18. One of my best friends is a police officer. Her job is not only difficult but _____. (L1)
 (A) in danger (B) tired (C) dangerous (D) work hard
19. We aren't going to May's party tonight, _____? (L1)
 (A) won't we (B) aren't we (C) will we (D) are we
20. The dining table in the kitchen is so heavy _____. That's why I called for help. (L2)
 (A) to move easily (B) that I can move it easily
 (C) to move it by myself (D) that it can't be moved easily
21. I heard the news that two students were hit by a speeding car while they _____ the street. We should watch out for oncoming traffic. (L2)
 (A) go across (B) were crossing (C) crossed (D) across
22. Noah enjoys music a lot. However, he seldom listens to music when studying for a test, and _____. (L2)
 (A) so do I (B) neither do I (C) I don't (D) I won't, either

23. Neither doing outdoor activities nor reading books _____ him. All he likes for weekend is to be a couch potato. (L1)
 (A) interest (B) interests (C) is interested (D) are interesting
24. Giant and Merida are well-known bicycle brands from Taiwan. They make high-quality bikes _____ in many road bicycle races. (L2)
 (A) used (B) use (C) using (D) uses
25. Catherine is reading this on her smartphone:

Many people are not very careful about fire in their home. Some people keep using old appliances; some people forget to turn off the stove when leaving home. Some keep the space heater on for a long time.

- What words might Catherine type on her phone? (L3)
 (A) The uses of an electronic heater.
 (B) How to put out a kitchen fire?
 (C) Fire safety rules in everyday life.
 (D) Why are there so many house fires?

二、題組 50% (每題 2.5 分)

(一) 克漏字填空 (26-30) (R1)

Discovering the Benefits of Exercise

Exercise is important for our health and well-being. When we exercise, we not only ___(26)___ our body strength but improve our mood and energy levels. It's a great way to stay fit and happy!

Some people enjoy going to the gym or playing sports, while ___(27)___ prefer activities like walking or dancing. ___(28)___, finding an exercise routine that you enjoy is key to staying motivated.

On the other hand, some people might find exercise ___(29)___ . However, with a little creativity, you can make it fun! Try exercising with friends or listening to music while you work out. ___(30)___, exercise is not only good for our physical health but also for our mental well-being. So let's make time to get active and enjoy the benefits of moving our bodies!

.....

☞ prefer 較喜歡 benefit 好處 routine 作息的
 creativity 創造力 motivated 有動力
 physical 身體 mental 心理

26. (A) put out (B) build up (C) work out (D) run out
 27. (A) the others (B) another (C) others (D) many
 28. (A) Neither way (B) Either way
 (C) One way (D) On the way

29. (A) boring or tiring (B) bored and tired
 (C) interesting but tired (D) interesting or exciting
 30. (A) First of all (B) At last (C) Finally (D) In short

(二) 閱讀測驗-1 (31-33)

Japan is an amazing place with its rich culture, beautiful landscapes, and lively cities, drawing many people from around the world. However, this popularity has led to a problem called over-tourism or tourism pollution. Picture your favorite concert with your favorite band – it's great, isn't it? Now, think about if everyone in the world wanted to go to the same concert at the same time. Then, it would be over crowded, lines would be too long, and the concert might not be as fun as you expected. That's a bit like what's happening in Japan now.

One big problem is how it affects natural places, like cherry blossom spots. In spring, these blossoms make Japan look pink and pretty, and lots of people want to see them. But when too many visitors come, it can hurt the environment such as harming the cherry blossom trees, or making extra trash.

Also, Over-tourism makes life hard for the locals. Imagine living in a quiet area, and suddenly it's full of tourists. The streets are busy, public transportation is filled with people, and it's hard to do your daily activities. It's like having a never-ending party nearby – fun for some time, but it can be too much.

To fix this, there's a push to ask tourists to visit less popular but equally nice places. It's like finding a new favorite band but not only listening to the most famous one. By spreading out tourism, we can help save the environment, protect cultural treasures, and make sure both tourists and locals have a better time.

.....

☞ landscapes 風景 popularity 人氣 tourism 觀光
 crowded 擁擠的 affect 影響 cherry blossom spots 賞櫻景點
 equally 相同的 transportation 交通工具
 spread out 發散 treasures 寶藏 environment 環境

31. What is the main problem mentioned in the article?
 (A) Tourism pollution in Japan.
 (B) Air pollution in Japan.
 (C) Best season to visit Japan.
 (D) The concert in Japan is always too crowded.
32. Which of the following is NOT something that happens when too many tourists come to Japan?
 (A) Cherry blossom trees can be harmed.
 (B) Too many tourists can make it harder for people who live there to do their daily activities.
 (C) People who live there always feel happy because there are so many visitors from abroad.
 (D) Too many tourists can cause more trash than usual.

33. What's the idea in the article for fixing the problem of too many tourists?
- (A) Inviting more people to visit popular tourist spots.
 (B) Building more hotels and restaurants for the visitors.
 (C) Asking tourists to visit other nice places that aren't as famous.
 (D) Controlling the number of tourists allowed in Japan.

(三) 閱讀測驗-2 (34-37)

FOCUS TAIWAN

3.21.2024

Xiaolüren, also known as the "Little Green Man," works as a magical helper for people when they want to cross the street safely. Back in 1999, in Taiwan, some smart and caring inventors decided to create something cool to make walking safer. So, Xiaolüren was born, a special kind of traffic light that's not just like any ordinary one.

Now, instead of a plain old picture, Xiaolüren shows a tiny, cute character in green, blue, or white, sometimes even wearing a hat. But what makes this little friend even better is that it moves! With its dancing and wiggling, Xiaolüren tells pedestrians how much time they have left to cross the road before the light changes. It's like a countdown dance performance just for us!

Kids in Taiwan fell in love with Xiaolüren, and soon, its popularity spread to many other countries such as Spain, China, Japan, and the United Kingdom. So, what makes Xiaolüren so special? Well, it's not just about safety. Xiaolüren makes waiting at the crosswalk more fun with its animated moves. It has become everyone's friendly guide, making sure that pedestrians know exactly when it's their turn to walk. Just like having a tiny dancing friend to help you cross the street – that's Xiaolüren for you!

☐ ordinary 一般的. 平凡的 instead of 取而代之 plain 樸素的
 adorable 可愛的 wiggle 扭動 pedestrian 行人
 popularity 人氣 spread 擴散 exactly 確切地
 animated 活潑的. 動畫的

34. What makes Xiaolüren different from an ordinary traffic light?
- (A) It's bigger in size.
 (B) It shows a cute character that moves.
 (C) It plays loud music.
 (D) It shows images of different animals.
35. What did kids in Taiwan think about Xiaolüren?
- (A) They were scared of it. (B) They were confused by it.
 (C) They were tired of it. (D) They loved it.

36. How would you say Xiaolüren is according to the article?
- (A) A quiet guide. (B) A cheerful helper.
 (C) A serious teacher. (D) A joyful pet.
37. What is the **main idea** of the paragraph?
- (A) Xiaolüren is just an ordinary traffic light.
 (B) Xiaolüren's main purpose is to make kids happy.
 (C) Xiaolüren improves safety and adds fun to crossing the street.
 (D) Xiaolüren is used in many country besides Taiwan.

(四) 閱讀測驗-3 (38-41)

Living in a Blue Zone means being in places where lots of people live to be 100! There are five Blue Zones known. One is in Sardinia, Italy, where villages in the mountains keep people safe from invaders. The locals stick to simple diets and drink wine that helps keep them healthy. Another Blue Zone is in Okinawa, Japan, where people stay healthy by eating lots of fruits and vegetables every day.

In Loma Linda, California, Seventh-day Adventists take a day off each week, which helps them stay stress-free. In Costa Rica's Nicoya Peninsula, the water is rich in calcium, which keeps their hips strong. Then there's Icaria, an island in Greece, where many adults live into their 90s!

In most places, life is fast and stressful, with long commutes and busy cities. But in Blue Zones, people focus on family, eat lots of plants, stay active, and avoid smoking and sugary foods. These healthy habits help them live long and happy lives.

☐ invader 入侵者 stick to 固定 sugary 含糖的
 stress-free 無壓力的 calcium 鈣質 hip 臀部
 Greece 希臘 commutes 通勤

38. Which Blue Zone is NOT mentioned in the reading?
- (A) Sardinia, Italy (B) Okinawa, Japan
 (C) Loma Linda, California (D) Paris, France
39. What is something people in Blue Zone having in common?
- (A) High stress levels. (B) Eating lots of plants.
 (C) Drinking wines. (D) Having sugary foods.
40. Who is most likely live to in a Blue Zone based on their living habits?
- (A) Elsa. She has lots of fruit and vegetables every meal.
 (B) Maria. She doesn't like to exercise much.
 (C) Jack. He eats high-sugar food every day.
 (D) Dany. He works for long hours and smokes a lot.
41. What is the main message of the reading?
- (A) Living in Blue Zones is boring.
 (B) People in Blue Zones live long lives due to healthy habits.
 (C) People in Blue Zones don't really live longer than others.
 (D) Blue Zones aren't nice places to live because of some rules.

(五) 閱讀測驗-4 (42-45)

Luke: Hey, Alan. Have you heard about the history of surfing?
Alan: No, when did it start?
Luke: It goes back to 3,000 years ago.
Alan: Really? That's crazy. How did it start?
Luke: Well, fishermen in Western Polynesia rode waves to get their catch to shore faster. And then, they taught Hawaiians the same trick when they moved there.
Alan: Cool! So, surfing has been popular for a long time?
Luke: Yep! In the late 1700s, when Europeans met Polynesians in Tahiti and saw them surfing, it became a big hit. James Cook, a famous explorer, even wrote about it.
Alan: Wow, surfing must have been a big deal!
Luke: Totally! Being a surfer was like being famous. Only the best surfers could hang out at special beaches.
Alan: Sounds serious! Was surfing just for fun in ancient times?
Luke: Not really! It was serious business. If someone messed up a surfer's wave, they'd get in trouble with the beach guard. The worst, they might be kicked out.
Alan: Whoa! Surfing sounds like a lifestyle.
Luke: Exactly! Hawaiians who surfed were seen as important and lived fancy lives. They even had their own special boards, which weren't much different from today's.
Alan: That's amazing! I can't wait to surf and be part of history.
Luke: Sure! Ready to hit the waves?

.....
☐ Polynesia 波里尼西亞 shore 岸邊 Hawaiians 夏威夷人
Tahiti 大溪地 explorer 探險家 ancient times 遠古時代
fancy 豪華的

42. How long has surfing been around according to the dialogue?

- (A) 3,000 years
- (B) 2,000 years
- (C) 1,000 years
- (D) 500 years

43. How did fishermen in Western Polynesia use surfing?

- (A) To travel faster on land.
- (B) To return to shore quickly with their fish.
- (C) To interest tourists.
- (D) To get away from sharks.

44. What happened to someone who messed up a surfer's wave in ancient times?

- (A) They would become a great surfer.
- (B) They would be praised by the beach guard.
- (C) They would be sent a special board as a reward.
- (D) They would be in big trouble and could get kicked out.

45. How were Hawaiian surfers seen in society according to Luke?

- (A) They were seen as unimportant and lived simple lives.
- (B) They were seen as people with dangerous and hard jobs.
- (C) They were seen as troublemakers.
- (D) They were seen as important and lived fancy lives.